



ORDINANCE NUMBER: A-06

**Master of Laws: LL.M. (1 Year)
(Corporate and Cyber Laws)**

Established under Uttar Pradesh Private Universities (Amendment) Act, 2023

(UP ACT No. 10 of 2023)

PREFACE

To ensure seamless education and to achieve academic excellence in the University, the rules and regulations for the “**Master of Laws (LL.M. 1 Year)**” course in specialization ‘**Corporate and Cyber Laws**’ are hereby published vide **Ordinance No. A06**. These regulations are framed to maintain high academic standards and to promote a comprehensive understanding of legal education and research at the postgraduate level.

These regulations will be in addition to the norms set by the regulatory body from time to time. The University aims to provide a robust academic framework that encourages critical thinking, research aptitude, and professional competence among students pursuing the LL.M. program.

FACULTY OF LAW
Ordinance for Master of Laws (LL.M.)
Duration: 1 Year

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MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.)

INTRODUCTION:

LL.M. in (Corporate and Cyber Laws) designed for law graduates and legal professionals seeking advanced expertise in the intersection of corporate governance, compliance, and emerging cyber legal frameworks.

With the rapid digitization of businesses and increasing cyber threats, this program equips students with the knowledge and skills to navigate complex legal issues in corporate transactions, data protection, cybersecurity regulations, and digital compliance.

The Program focuses on corporate law, covering critical aspects such as:

“Corporate governance, securities regulation, and compliance frameworks. It also delves into cyber law and cybersecurity, addressing data privacy regulations (such as GDPR and CCPA), cybercrime legislation, digital forensics, and international cyber legal standards.”

Additionally, the curriculum explores technology and intellectual property (IP) law, examining legal challenges related to AI, Block Chain, and digital IP rights.

Finally, the program emphasizes risk management and compliance, equipping students with strategies to mitigate cyber threats and ensure adherence to evolving regulatory requirements.

Together, these focus areas prepare graduates to navigate the complex legal landscape at the intersection of business and technology.

COURSE STRUCTURE:

Candidate admitted to **One Year LL.M. Degree Program** at **T.S. Mishra Law School, T.S. Mishra University** can pursue specialized **Master in Laws (LL.M.)** Students admitted to the program have to pass three core papers and six subject specialization papers including two electives and a dissertation in order to complete the program.

At present the following specializations are offered at **T.S. Mishra Law School** which are as under:

- 1) Criminal and Security Laws (CSL)**
- 2) Constitutional and Administrative Laws (CAL)**
- 3) Corporate and Cyber Laws (CCL)**

University reserves the right to offer the specializations subject to the exegeses of faculty in any given academic year. The University may expand the number of specializations if merited by the faculty expertise.

Definitions:

- **Credits:** The Course is total of **24 Credits divided in 12 credits** for each semester.
- **Elective Courses:** Elective courses are which students choose to study exercising the options available and include both optional and seminar papers.
- **Core Courses:** Students admitted to this program is required to study and complete the mandatory courses as per each of the mandatory course requirements.
- **Semester:** Semester means **18 Weeks of Teaching.**

The **One year LL.M. Degree Program** requires the students to complete their mandatory papers, Specialization paper and Dissertation.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (PO'S):

- 1) **PO01:** To explore and improve the **logical reasoning** by applying the **legal knowledge** of the specialization in the post graduate context.
- 2) **PO02:** To provide **extensive training** for becoming successful academicians and inspiring learners. And to synthesize the **legal acumen** of the students with respect to the Corporate and Cyber Laws.
- 3) **PO03:** To foster a **comprehensive understanding** of Corporate and Cyber Laws through a critical examination of corporate governance frameworks and cyber-technological advancements, contextualized within a globalized legal and regulatory landscape.
- 4) **PO04:** To develop **experimental learning** among the students and to provide a solid foundation for **experiential learning** to further academic research or a doctoral program in Corporate and Cyber Laws.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO'S):

The Students will be able to achieve specific outcomes from the program which are as under:

- 1) **PSO1:** Develop an in-depth understanding of corporate laws (securities regulation, compliance) and cyber laws (data protection, cybercrimes, digital governance) with a globalized approach, comparing frameworks like GDPR, CCPA, DPDPA, and international cyber treaties.
- 2) **PSO2:** Analyse the legal, ethical, and technological facets of corporate governance and cybersecurity, evaluating case laws, regulatory challenges, and policy gaps in a digitized economy.
- 3) **PSO3:** Should be able to Gather and interpret relevant facts and conduct **legal research**.
- 4) **PSO4:** Should have the capability to understand the laws at National and global level by analysing social problems and understanding social dynamics.

CREDIT AND EVALUATION SCHEME
LL.M. (1 year)
CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS
First Year/Ist Semester

S. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	T	P	CIE	ESE	Total	C
THEORY									
1.	LMCS101	Research Methods and Legal Writing	3	1	-	40	60	100	3
2.	LMCS102	Law and Justice in Globalized World	3	1	-	40	60	100	3
3.	LMCS103	Intellectual Property Law	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
4.	LMCS104	Cyber Technology and Cyber Crime	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
5.	LMCS105	Optional-I (To be Chosen from the list of Courses as per annexure)	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
Total			12	5	0	200	300	500	12

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

CIE - Continuous Internal Evaluation

ESE - End Semester Exam C- Credit

CREDIT AND EVALUATION SCHEME
LL.M. (1 year)
CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS
First Year/IIInd Semester

S. No.	Subject Code	Subject	L	T	P	CIE	ESE	Total	C
THEORY									
1.	LMCS201	Comparative Public Law and Governance	3	1	-	40	60	100	3
2.	LMCS202	Corporate Governance	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
3.	LMCS203	Data Protection Law and Digital Privacy	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
4.	LMCS204	Optional-II (To be Chosen from the list of Courses as per annexure)	2	1	-	40	60	100	2
PRACTICAL/TRAINING/PROJECT									
5.	LMCS205	Dissertation and Viva-Voce	-	-	3	100	100	200	3
Total			9	4	3	260	340	600	12

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

CIE - Continuous Internal Evaluation

ESE - End Semester Exam C- Credit

CREDIT AND EVALUATION SCHEME
LL.M. (1 year)
CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS

Annexure
List of Optional
OPTIONAL -I

S.NO	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	SEMESTER
1.	Competition Law	LMCS105A	I
2.	Law of E-Commerce	LMCS105B	I

OPTIONAL-II

S.NO	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	SEMESTER
1.	International Trade Law	LMCS204A	II
2.	Digital Forensics and Cyber Crime Redressal Mechanism	LMCS204B	II

L – Lecture

T – Tutorial

P – Practical

CIE - Continuous Internal Evaluation

ESE - End Semester Exam

C- Credit

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/I Semester

Research Methods and Legal Writing

LMCS101

L T P C
3 1 0 3
(36 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To **state** the objectives of the research
- To develop the **understanding** of independent research pertaining to any specific legal issue
- To **analyse** the Design of a research, justifying use of various methods/tools to carry out the same
- To **examine**, analyse and interpret both quantitative and qualitative data.

UNIT - I

(10 HOURS)

Research and Legal Research

- Research: Meaning, Characteristics and types
- Legal research: Meaning, Characteristics and types
- Objectives of Research and Legal research
- Methods of research for law Reform-Analytical research method, Historical research method, Comparative research method, Ethical research method, statistical research method, critical research method
- Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal, Relevance of Empirical Research

UNIT – II

(08HOURS)

Formulation of Research Problem and Hypothesis

- Identification of Research Problem
- Formulation of Research Problem
- Hypothesis- Meaning and Importance
- Criteria to form a Good Hypothesis
- Sources of Hypothesis
- Types of Hypothesis
- Formulation of hypothesis for Legal Research

UNIT – III

(10 HOURS)

Research Design and Data Collection

- Legal Research Design: Meaning and its significance
- Good Research Design: Aspects and contents of a research Design
- Types of research design
- Sampling Design for Legal Research- Types of Sampling, Merits and Demerits of sampling methods, Characteristics of a Good sampling unit
- Socio Legal Research- Tools & Techniques of Collection of data:
- Primary and secondary sources of data.
- Analysis of data.
- Scaling Techniques.

UNIT – IV

(08 HOURS)

Legal Writing: Including Thesis and Dissertation

- Essentials of Good Legal Writing, Structured Legal Writing
- Citation, Reference and Footnoting
- Editing and Proof Reading
- Writing of Research Proposal
- Dissertation/ Thesis Writing
- Legal Report writing- Bibliography.
- Use of library and Internet sources in legal research

TEXT BOOKS:

- Dr. H.N. Tiwari, Legal Research Methodology, Allahabad law Agency
- N.R. Madhava Menon, (ed.) A Handbook of Clinical Legal Education, (1998) Eastern Book Company, Lucknow
- S. K. Verma and Afzal Vani, Legal Research and Methodology, ILI, New Delhi

REFERENCE BOOKS

- M.O. Price, H. Bitner and Bysiewiez, Effective Legal Research (1978), ILI Publication
- William J. Grade and Paul K. Hatt., Methods in Social Research, McGraw-Hill Book Company, London

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

POs/PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	1
CO2	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	1	2	1	3	2	2	3	1

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/I Semester **Law and Justice in Globalized World** **LMCS102**

L T P C
3 1 0 3
(36 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To understand the process of globalization and its impact on law and justice in a historical perspective.
- To critically analyse the concept of global justice and the mechanisms designed to achieve it.
- To better appreciate the demands for change raised by different groups to the international legal order and institutions in the light of globalization.
- To acquire an understanding of the concept and theoretical background of globalization, and global justice.

UNIT-I: **(08 HOURS)**

Globalization and International Law

- History, Making and Content of International Law
- History of International Law: The colonial origins Sources
- Continuity and change Alternative perspectives: Third World, Feminist, Marxist,
- Critical International legal theory

UNIT-II: **(08 HOURS)**

International Economic and Human Rights Law

- Different dimensions of Globalization: Social, Political, and Economic Emergence of Transnational Law in a Globalizing World
- Globalization and Sovereignty of States
- International Economic Law: Brettonwood Institutions, WTO, Investment laws, RTAs, IPRs
- International Human Rights Law, Impact on welfare state
- Natural Resources and Environment; Displacement for Development.

UNIT-III: **(10 HOURS)**

Human Rights and its Institutions

- Concept of Global Justice Humanitarianism as an element of the idea of global justice
- International Human Rights Law
- Institutions: UNHCR, OHCHR Global Poverty
- MDGs to SDGs Globalization and Social Justice/ Global Distributive Justice
- Role of International Mechanisms to control armed conflicts
- Crimes against humanity, environment and health, oppressive policies and the threat of terrorism; ICC

UNIT-IV: **(10 HOURS)**

Labour and Trade Institutions

- Demand for change: from Third World, Women, Indigenous people etc.
- Role and impact of economic, labour and trade institutions

- MNCs, UN, WTO, ILO, ICC, etc.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Anghie, A. (2007). Imperialism, sovereignty and the making of International Law. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 1, 5 & 6.
- Pogge, T. (2002). World poverty and Human Rights: Cosmopolitan responsibilities and reforms. Cambridge: Polity Ch. 4 & 7.
- Fraser, N. (2010). Scales of justice: Reimagining political space in a globalizing world. New York: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 2 & 6.
- Buchanan, A. (2004). Justice, legitimacy, and self-determination: Moral foundations for international law. Oxford: Oxford University Press. Ch. 10 & 11.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Baxi, U. (2002). The future of human rights. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Ch.1 & 7.
- Rajagopal B. (2003). International law from below: Development, social movements and third world resistance Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Ch. 5 & 7.
- Sen, A. (2009). The idea of justice. Cambridge: Harvard University Press. Ch. 18.

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

POs/PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	1	1	----	1	----	1	2	2
CO2	1	----	----	1	1	----	1	1
CO3	1	----	----	1	1	----	1	---
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/I Semester

Intellectual Property Law

LMCS103

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To demonstrate comprehensive understanding of IP regimes (copyrights, patents, trademarks, geographical indication and designs) and their statutory frameworks under TRIPS, WIPO, and domestic laws.
- To critically compare IP protection mechanisms across jurisdictions (U.S., EU, India) and evaluate their impact on global trade, technology transfer, and digital innovation.
- To formulate litigation strategies for IP disputes (piracy, counterfeiting, cybersquatting) and alternative dispute resolution (ADR) methods and IP management.
- Apply IP principles to emerging technologies (AI-generated works, block chain IP, biotech patents) and assess infringement risks in cyberspace.

UNIT I

(06 HOURS)

Foundations of Patent Law

- Evolution of patent regimes (Paris Convention, PCT, TRIPS)
- Patentability criteria (Novelty, Inventive Step, Industrial Applicability)
- Process vs. product patents (Pharmaceuticals, Software, AI inventions)
- Compulsory licensing & public health
- Patent infringement & remedies (Doctrine of Equivalents, Injunctions)

UNIT II

(06 HOURS)

Copyright Law in the Digital Age

- Subject matter of copyright (Literary, Artistic, Cinematic works)
- Authorship vs. ownership
- Rights of performers, broadcasters, and moral rights
- Digital copyright issues
- Online piracy and intermediary liability

UNIT III

(06 HOURS)

Trademark Law and Geographical Indication

- Types of marks (Word, Logo, Sound, Colour, Trade Dress)
- Distinctiveness spectrum (Generic to Fanciful marks)
- Registration process (Absolute/Relative grounds of refusal)
- Infringement & passing off
- Well-known marks & trans-border reputation
- Geographical indications
- Registration, Infringement
- Overlaps with trademarks and copyright

UNIT IV

(06 HOURS)

Industrial Designs and Law Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights

- Industrial Designs - Evolution of industrial design protection
- Criteria for protection
- Procedure for registration
- Rights, Infringement and remedies
- Evolution of protection - national- international and global
- Indian law PPVFR
- Protected varieties
- Criteria for protection
- Registration of varieties
- Breeders' rights, limitations and exceptions to breeders' rights
- Farmers' rights - ITPGRFA - multilateral system of benefit sharing
- Overlaps with patent law and copyright law

TEXT BOOKS:

- Dr. B.L. Wadehra, Law of Intellectual Property (Universal Law Publishing- LexisNexis, 6th Ed. 2023)
- Dr. V.K. Ahuja, Intellectual Property Law in India (Kluwer Law International)
- Dr. S.R Myneni, Intellectual Property Rights in Information Technology (Cyber Space) (Allahabad Law Agency)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- The Future of Intellectual Property by Daniel J. Gervais (Edward Elgar)
- Intellectual Property Rights: A Compendium of Landmark Judgments by M.K. Bhandari (Commercial Law Publishers)
- WIPO Intellectual Property Handbook.
- Shamnad Basheer, Neil Wilkof, Overlapping Intellectual Property rights, OUP

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CO1	2	2	3	1	3	1	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO3	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	1
CO4	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/I Semester

Cyber Technology and Cyber Crime

LMCS104

L	T	P	C
2	1	0	2
(24 HOURS)			

Course learning objectives:

- To analyze global and domestic cybercrime laws and jurisdictional challenges in prosecution.
- To classify and examine various cybercrimes with relevant case studies
- To evaluate ethical conflicts in cybersecurity through multidisciplinary lenses
- Apply forensic tools and techniques to investigate cybercrimes while adhering to evidentiary standards

UNIT - I

(06 HOURS)

Introduction to Cyber Technology & Cybercrime

- Evolution of cyber threats (1980s to AI era)
- Cybercrime vs. traditional crime: Anonymity, jurisdiction, scope
- Ethical frameworks: Responsible disclosure, white-hat hacking

UNIT- II

(06 HOURS)

Typology of Cybercrimes & Investigation

- Property crimes (Hacking, ransomware, crypto-jacking)
- Personality crimes (Doxing, deep fake pornography)
- Sovereign crimes (Cyberterrorism, state-sponsored attacks)
- Digital Evidence
- S. 63 Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023

UNIT -III

(06 HOURS)

IT Laws & Global Frameworks

- IT Act 2000: Penalties and Cyber Crimes
- DPDP Act 2023: Data localization, consent architecture
- Budapest Convention (Extradition, mutual legal assistance)
- EU GDPR: Contrast with Indian data protection norms
- Cloud storage locations (Microsoft-Ireland case)
- Article 19(1)(a) challenges (Free speech vs. takedown orders)

UNIT IV

(06 HOURS)

Emerging Challenges & Policy Responses

- AI-driven crimes:
 - AI-assisted frauds
 - Section 66D (IT Act) on impersonation via AI
- Cryptocurrency regulation:
 - Tracking darknet transactions
 - RBI's regulation on virtual currencies

- Future trends

TEXT BOOKS:

- Prof. (Dr.) Jyoti Rattan and Prof. (Dr.) Vijay Rattan, Cyber Laws, Information Technology & Artificial Intelligence, Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd
- Dr. Pavan Duggal, Textbook on Cyber Law, Universal Law Publishing
- Justice Yatindra Singh, Cyber Laws, Universal Law Publishing

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Nilakshi Jain, Ramesh Menon, Cyber Security and Cyber Laws, Wiley
- Krishna Pal Malik, Information Technology & Cyber Law, Allahabad Law Agency

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CO1	1	2	3	2	3	1	3	2
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	1
CO3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1
CO4	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	2

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/I Semester

Competition Law

LMCS105A

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To appreciate the economic theory, practice and analytic tools that underpin and inform Competition law and policy.
- To analyse how Competition Law facilitates the promotion of free Competition and acts as an instrument in regulating the markets.
- To apply the law to solve practical problems concerning the control of anticompetitive practices.
- To critically appreciate the strategies and mechanisms of Competition law enforcement agencies in India and abroad.

UNIT – I

(06 HOURS)

INTRODUCTION TO COMPETITION LAW

- Concept of market, Open Market-Regulated market, Market functions of role of competition law
- Nature & Scope of competition law and policy
- Evolution & Growth of competition law
- Theoretical foundations of competition law
- Competition Act, 2002- overview, definitions and ideas of agreement, dominant position, combination and effects of anti-competitive activities

UNIT – II

(06 HOURS)

ANTI- COMPETITIVE AGREEMENTS AND ABUSE OF DOMINANT POSITION

- Anti-competitive agreements: Concept, forms and treatment in India
- Parallel import
- Abuse of dominant position: Concept, forms and treatment in India
- Essential facilities doctrine
- Refusal and abuse of dominant position.
- Pricing strategies and abuse of dominant position

UNIT – III

(06 HOURS)

COMPETITION COMMISSION OF INDIA

- Composition, powers and function of CCI
- Role of the DG
- Appellate Tribunal
- Penalties and remedies

UNIT – IV

(06 HOURS)

MODERN DIMENSIONS OF COMPETITION LAW

- Doctrine of exhaustion and its treatment
- WTO and its impacts on Competition Laws with reference to UNCTAD
- Digital ecosystems (platform neutrality, data monopolies)
- FDI policies and it's impacts on Competition in domestic market

TEXT BOOKS:

- Competition Law in India; Srinivasan Parthsarthy; Wolter Kluwer, 2012
- Avtar Singh; Competition Law; Eastern Law House, 2012-11-27
- D P Mittal, Competition Law and Practice: New Delhi Taxmanns Allied Services 2008

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Dugar,S.M ,Guide to Competition Law : Containing commentary on Competition Act, MRTP Act & Consumer Protection Act LexiNexis Butterworths Wadhwa
- T Ramappa, Competition Law in India: Policy, Issues, and Developments, New Delhi Oxford University Press 2006

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CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year, I Semester
Law of E-Commerce
LMCS105B

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To apply law to the technology applicable to e-commerce and legal regime of e-commerce.
- To draft electronic contracts as well as identifying the laws applicable to electronic contracts.
- To identify the legal challenges faced by consumer protection laws in online transactions.
- To analyse the legal framework existing for the protection of consumer rights.

UNIT: 1 **(06 HOURS)**

INTRODUCTION TO E- COMMERCE

- Concept of e-commerce and differences with e- business
- Advantages and disadvantages of e- commerce
- Types of e-commerce
- Medium and Transactions in e- commerce
- UNCITRAL Model Law on e-commerce,
- Information Technology

Act,2000

UNIT: 2 **(06 HOURS)**

CONTRACTS IN ELECTRONIC ENVIRONMENT

- E-contracts – concept, offer and acceptance,
- Acceptance of contract: applicability of postal rule
- E-commerce directives and Regulations
- Incorporation of terms
- Identity of contracting parties
- E-contracts: extent of details
- Breach of contract
- Electronic signature: Provisions under IT Act, certifying authorities, Issuing authorities, Grant, Revocation

UNIT: 3 **(06 HOURS)**

CONSUMER PROTECTION AND IPR ISSUES

- Concept of the rights of consumer
- Problems of protection of consumers in virtual world
- E-commerce Directives and consumer protection
- Digital copyright, linking, caching
- Digital rights management, DMCA, Patents, Trademarks and domain names
- Software Patents
- Right to forgetting

UNIT: 4 **(06 HOURS)**

JURISDICTION ISSUES IN E- COMMERCE

- Theoretical framework to address multiple jurisdictions
- Application of the principles of Private International law
- Hague Convention, EC Regulations (Brussels & Rome)
- Minimum contact test, Effect test, Zippo Test
- Current trends

TEXT BOOKS:

- Paul Todd. Law of E-commerce. London: Cavendish, 2008.
- Ramappa, T. Legal Issues in Electronic Commerce. Delhi: Macmillan, 2003.
- Ahmad, Tabrez. Cyberlaws, e-commerce & m-commerces. New Delhi: A. P. H. Publishing Corporation, 2009

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Sharma, Vakul. Information Technology: Law and Practice. 2nded. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing Co., 2007.
- Schellekens, M. H. M. Electronic Signatures: Authentication Technology from a Legal Perspective. The Hague: T. M. C. Asser Press, 2004.

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CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/II Semester

Comparative Public Law and Governance

LMCA201

L T P C
3 1 0 3
(36 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To **state** the ambit and importance of public law in effective governance of a State.
- To develop the **understanding** of the nature of limitations of Fundamental Rights in public law in USA, UK, and India.
- To analyse the basic principles underlying thereof in democratic countries like USA, UK and India and deliberate further thereupon
- To **examine**, analyse the judiciary and judicial process involved in resolution of various disputes under the Indian Constitution, including judicial review and will have a mass of material to deliberate further.

UNIT- I **(08 HOURS)**

Introduction: Public Law

- Nature of Public Law
- Distinction between Public and Private law
- Scope of Public law
- Constitutionalism- Concept, Distinction between Constitution and Constitutionalism, Essential features of Constitutionalism
- Fundamental Rights, Independence of Judiciary and Judicial Review

UNIT- II **(08 HOURS)**

Rule of Law and Separation of Powers

- Supremacy of Legislature in Law Making
- Rule of law
- Dicey's Concept of Rule of Law, Modern Concept of Rule of Law
- Social and economic rights as part of rule of law
- Separation of powers

UNIT- III **(10 HOURS)**

Forms of Government and Comparative Analysis

- Presidential and Parliamentary forms of Government
- Federal and Unitary Governments- Features, Advantages and Disadvantages Models of Federalism and Concept of Quasi-federalism, Role of Courts in Preserving Federalism
- Government under the U.S. Constitution
- Comparative and differentiating features of governance in India, U.K., U.S.A. and France

UNIT- IV**(10 HOURS)****Constitutional Review and Judicial Process**

- Methods of Constitutional Review
- Political Review
- Basic principles of Judicial Process, Precedents, *Stare decisis*
- Evolution and functioning of Tribunals; *droit administratif*
- Theory of Basic Structure

TEXT BOOKS:

- D.D. Basu, Comparative Constitutional Law (2nd ed., Wadhwa Nagpur).
- Dr. Subhash C Kashyap, Framing of Indian Constitution (Universal Law, 2004)
- M.V. Pylee, Constitution of the World (Universal, 2006)
- Mahendra P. Singh, Comparative Constitutional Law (Eastern Book Company, (1989).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- A.V. Dicey, Introduction to the Study of Constitution.
- E.S. Venkataramaiah, Federalism Comparative Study
- Jain M.P.; Indian Constitutional Law; LexisNexis
- K.C. Wheare, Modern Constitution.

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

POs/PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1
CO2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	1
CO4	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	2

1-Slight (Low)**2-Moderate (Medium)****3-Substantial (High)**

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/II Semester **Corporate Governance** **LMCS202**

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objective:

- To summarize the concept, pillars, theories and models of corporate governance and allied aspects related thereto.
- To explain the legislative and regulatory framework in relation to corporate governance.
- To evaluate the role, rights, duties and significance of the board of directors and the different stakeholders in the realm of corporate governance.
- Analyse the role and importance of corporate governance to ensure sustainability, ethics and corporate social responsibility.

UNIT-I **(06 HOURS)**

Corporate Governance- Concept, Theories and Models

- Corporate Governance-Introduction, need and scope
- Corporate Governance and stakeholders
- Theories of Corporate Governance
- Models of Corporate governance

UNIT-II **(06 HOURS)**

Board of Directors

- Directors-Introduction, types of directors, duties and responsibilities, independence
- Board composition, diversity in board, board's role and responsibility
- Board committees-composition, role and responsibilities, contribution to board governance, Auditors, Audit committee, Shareholders Grievance committee, Remuneration committee, Corporate Governance committee, Nomination committee, Corporate Compliance committees.
- Corporate frauds; Major Corporate frauds-case studies; Whistle-blowing and Corporate governance

UNIT-III **(06 HOURS)**

Corporate Social Responsibility: Environment, Sustainability and Corporate Governance

- CSR-Concept, perspective and law
- CSR Policy
- CSR projects planning, monitoring and implementation
- Environmental Concerns and Corporations
- Industrial Pollution
- Role of Corporates in Pollution Prevention
- Improving Corporate Environmental Performance

UNIT-IV**(06 HOURS)****Corporate Governance and Shareholder Rights**

- Rights of shareholders
- Challenges in exercising shareholder's rights
- Corporate governance and related party transactions
- Investor protection in India; Role of institutional investors
- Corporate governance & shareholder activism

TEXT BOOKS:

- Prof. N. Balasubramanian, 'Corporate Governance and Stewardship'
- Petri Mäntysaari, 'Comparative Corporate Governance' Springer
- Prof.(Dr.) Harpreet Kaur, 'Facets of Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility in India (Accounting, Finance, Sustainability, Governance & Fraud: Theory and Application)'
- Brian R. Cheffins, Advanced Introduction to Corporate Governance Law and Regulation

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

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CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/II Semester

Data Protection Law and Digital Privacy

LMCS203

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objective:

- To comprehend key data protection frameworks including GDPR and India's DPDP Act 2023, their principles and regulatory structures.
- To analyse rights of data subjects (consent, access, erasure) and obligations of organizations (accountability, transparency, compliance).
- To examine emerging challenges in data privacy including AI ethics, cross-border data flows, and balancing privacy with security needs.
- To develop practical skills for implementing compliance strategies through case studies, impact assessments, and policy drafting exercises

Unit 1: Foundations of Data Protection Law (06 HOURS)

- Evolution and conceptual framework of privacy and data protection
- Comparative analysis of global data protection regimes
- India's legal framework: DPDP Act 2023, IT Act 2000, and related rules
- Key principles: Lawfulness, purpose limitation, data minimization, and accountability

Unit 2: Rights and Obligations (06 HOURS)

- Rights of data principals: Consent, access, rectification, erasure, and grievance redressal
- Obligations of data fiduciaries: Transparency, security safeguards, and data localization
- Role of Data Protection Boards/Authorities and enforcement mechanisms

Unit 3: Contemporary Challenges (06 HOURS)

- Privacy vs. national security and surveillance (e.g., Aadhaar, Pegasus)
- Cross-border data transfers and adequacy decisions
- AI, biometrics, and algorithmic transparency
- Sector-specific issues (healthcare, fintech, social media)

Unit 4: Compliance and Practical Applications (06 HOURS)

- Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIAs) and audits
- Handling data breaches: Reporting and mitigation

TEXT BOOKS:

- Pavan Duggal, Data Protection Law in India
- Javid Ahmad Dar, Privacy & Data Protection Laws in India, USA & European Union
- D P Mittal, Commentary on The Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

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CO4	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/II Semester
International Trade Law
LMCS204A

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objective:

- To familiarize the students about the World Trade Organization and its role in International trade.
- To Explain the different stages, process and allied aspects of the WTO dispute settlement mechanism.
- To give an insight into the Origin of the WTO, sources of WTO law, structure, functions, dispute settlement mechanism, principles of the WTO, dumping and anti-dumping and allied matters related thereto.
- To analyse and apply the provisions of the various agreements entered into under the auspices of the World Trade Organization.

UNIT - I

(06 HOURS)

The World Trade Organization

- Introduction to International trade and the law of the WTO, Sources of WTO Law, Basic rules and principles of WTO Law
- Historical background- of WTO- Evolution of GATT as a trading institution and transition of GATT to WTO; Marrakesh Agreement
- WTO as an International institution
- WTO Dispute Settlement

UNIT – II

(06 HOURS)

WTO and agreements

- WTO jurisprudence on TBT and SPS Agreements-Agreement on Sanitary and Phyto Sanitary Measures; Agreement on Technical barriers to Trade
- Regional and Free Trade Agreements
- General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATs)
- Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPs)
- Trade Related Investment Measures (TRIMs)

UNIT – III

(06 HOURS)

Principles of Non-Discrimination

- Most favored nation treatment and National treatment obligation
- General & Security Exceptions; Art XX and XXI
- Role of Police in Investigation of organized crime
- Dumping-Anti-Dumping Measures; Trade remedies-countervailing duties and Safeguards

UNIT - IV

(06 HOURS)

Law and Policy on Trade and Investment- Indian Perspective

- Introduction to Law and Policy of Export-Import Trade in India

- Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992.
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.
- Foreign Investment in India-Liberalization in the nineties. Foreign Investment Promotion Board. Current issues relating to foreign direct investment.

TEXT BOOKS:

- B.Griffin, Day & Griffin, The Law of International Trade (3rd edn, London: Butterworth's Lexis Nexis, 2003)
- Daniel L. Bethlehem, Oxford Handbook of International Trade Law
- Bhagirath Lal Das, The WTO: a guide to framework for International Trade

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- VibhaMathur, WTO and India
- P. Sellman, The Law of International Trade, 150 leading Cases (2nd 3dition, London: Old Bailey Press, 2004)

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

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CO3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)
I Year/II Semester
Digital Forensics and Cyber Crime Redressal Mechanism
LMCS204B

L T P C
2 1 0 2
(24 HOURS)

Course Learning Objective:

- To evaluate forensic techniques and legal standards for digital evidence in courts
- To examine roles of CERTs, police, and tribunals in cybercrime investigation and resolution.
- To assess the balance between investigative powers, individual privacy rights, and corporate liability in cybersecurity laws, proposing reforms for efficient cybercrime redressal.
- To analyze the recommendations given by various committees and their application on the present system.

UNIT – I (06 HOURS)

Fundamentals of Digital Forensics

- Principles and process of digital forensics
- Chain of custody and admissibility of digital evidence
- Computer, mobile, and network forensics
- Anti-forensics and data recovery

UNIT – II (06 HOURS)

Judicial Approach to Digital Evidence

- Admissibility under Indian Evidence Act (Sections 65A & 65B)
- Landmark judgments and judicial interpretation
- Challenges in proof and tampering
- Expert witnesses and their role in courts

UNIT – III (06 HOURS)

Cyber Crime Redressal Mechanisms

- Adjudicatory bodies under IT Act
- cyber appellate tribunals
- Victim compensation and restorative justice
- Civil liabilities in cyber torts (defamation, breach of privacy, etc.)

UNIT – IV (06 HOURS)

Legal Framework for Cyber Crime Investigation in India

- Investigative powers under the IT Act & BNSS
- Role of cyber cells and CERT-In
- Surveillance, privacy, and constitutional safeguards
- Jurisdictional challenges in cyber investigations

TEXT BOOKS:

- Nishesh Sharma, Cyber Forensics in India: A Legal Perspective (Lexis Nexis 2017)

- Kathryn Seigfried-Spellar et al, Cybercrime and Digital Forensics: An Introduction (Taylor & Francis 2022)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Albert J. Marcella, Cyber Forensics Examining Emerging and Hybrid Technologies

Mapping of CO- POs/PSOs:

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CO4	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3

1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

LL.M. (CORPORATE AND CYBER LAWS)

I Year/II Semester

Dissertation

LMCS205

L T P C
0 0 3 3
(12 HOURS)

Course Learning Objectives:

- To let the students, develop and improve research skills
- To let the students, collect data with the help of primary and secondary materials
- To let the students, frame a hypothesis
- To let the students, develop writing skills

A Legal Topic related to the course will be deputed to the student. The student may also have an opportunity to explore the topic of its own. It enables the student to explore a topic in more depth than an assignment essay.

In order to make a good dissertation a student should have the following ability:

1. Have an idea for an area of research.
2. Identify your research questions.
3. Decide how to undertake the research.
4. Analyse and write up the data critically.

A word limit for the Dissertation shall be between 100-125 pages with Font- 12 of Times New Roman, spacing 1.5, excluding table of content, table of cases, table of statutes, abbreviations, foot notes (Font-10), Bibliography, Appendix, etc.

The Cover page, Supervisor's Certificate, Student's Declaration and the manner of giving Acknowledgement shall be given as prescribed by the Centre for Post-Graduate Legal Education. A dissertation should be a piece of small- scale research which can be completed, start to finish, in the amount of time allotted to the student. A dissertation should be a sustained argument. This means that it should draw upon the results of students reading, thinking and information gathering in such a way that it could persuade readers to accept the student understanding of the topic.

Mapping of CO-POs/PSOs:

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1-Slight (Low)

2-Moderate (Medium)

3-Substantial (High)

EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

CONSTITUTION OF DEPARTMENTAL POST GRADUATE LEGAL CENTRE:

- The Dean of the Department shall constitute the Centre.
- The Centre shall comprise all Professors, Associate Professors and such other faculty members who are assigned LL.M. Course teaching.
- The Dean shall nominate one faculty as Chairperson of the centre.
- The Centre shall supervise the overall functions of one year LL.M Degree Program and shall make necessary recommendations on academic, examinations and other academic related matters.
- Each subject will be evaluated on the basis of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIA) and End Semester examination (ESE)
- The total Course is of 24 Credits with 1100 Marks allotted for whole course.
- Each Semester shall carry 12 Credits each.

SEMINAR PRESENTATION AND CLASSROOM TEACHING:

- The Internal Assessment of the LL.M. one Year Program basically includes Classroom Teaching and Seminar Presentation of 40 Marks each subject.
- Continuous Internal Evaluation would constitute 20 Marks for Classroom Teaching and 20 for Seminar Presentation. The Breakage of the above mentioned marks are as under:
 - a) 10 Marks for Assignment
 - b) 10 Marks for Assignment Topic Presentation
 - c) 10 Marks for Research Paper to be drafted by the students in each subject
 - d) 10 marks for the presentation of the research paper prepared.
- While assigning the topic of Teaching and Seminar Presentation to the students the teachers concerned shall fix the last dates for submission of draft/final files.
- Seminar Presentations shall be allowed only after submission of the final draft/ approved draft.
- Students are required to submit the hard copy of their Seminar Presentation topic as original work.
- The Topic to be chosen for the teaching in the classroom can be from any law subject or as allotted by the supervisor.

ESE: End Semester Examination would be the external exam conducted by the T.S. Mishra Law School, T.S. Mishra University as per the examination rules and regulations of the University which is of 60 Marks Each subject (excluding Dissertation.)

DISSERTATION: constitutes the submission of the dissertation to be evaluated by the external examiner appointed by the Dean, concerned department (T.S. Mishra Law School) of the T.S. Mishra University.

ESE OF DISSERTATION: The ESE Marks allotted to Dissertation is of 100 marks which would be based on the work done by student and duly evaluated by the department while taking into consideration with overall performance.

VIVA VOCE (CIA OF DISSERATION): The Viva voce marks allotted is of 100 Marks to be conducted from dissertation by the internal supervisor appointed and one external examiner allocated for the same as per the examination rules and regulations of the University.

FORMAT OF DISSERTATION:

- The Maximum limit for the Dissertation shall be between 100-130 pages excluding table of contents, table of cases, table of statutes, abbreviations, footnotes, bibliography, appendix etc.
- The cover page, Supervisor's Certificate, Student's Declaration and the manner of giving Acknowledgements shall be given as prescribed by the Centre for Post-Graduation Legal Education.
- The Dissertation shall be sent to an outside expert nominated by the Vice- Chancellor from among the panel of experts suggested by the Dean however; the Vice Chancellor may add names of experts and send dissertation to such an expert.
- In case of emergency, the experts may be appointed from the department also.
- Students are required to submit their dissertation as original work. Plagiarism in dissertation shall constitute a serious academic malpractice which may result into cancellation of dissertation.
- The Examination, evaluation and other norms of improvement grades will be as per the norms of the choice based credit system of the University.

EXAMINATION / ASSESSMENT AND GRADING

Components of Evaluation: Each subject will be evaluated out of 100 marks. The Subjects will normally have two components of the evaluation:

- Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): 40 marks
- End-Semester Examination (ESE): 60 marks

Heads of Passing: Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and End Semester Examination (ESE) shall be two separate heads for passing a subject:

<u>SUBJECTS</u>			
Head	Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) 40 Marks		End Semester Examination (ESE) 60 Marks
	Classroom Teaching (20)	Seminar Presentation (20)	ESE
Theory (Compulsory and Elective Both)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 10 Marks for Assignment ○ 10 Marks for Assignment Topic Presentation 	10 Marks for Research Paper to be drafted by the students in each subject 10 marks for the presentation of the research paper prepared.	One ESE (Max. Marks 60)
Dissertation & Viva- Voce	-	-	i. Dissertation File ii. Presentatio n/Viva - Voce Max Marks (200 Marks)

Promotion of Student:

the Student will be declared PASS if,

- He/she secures at least 40% marks in Continuous Internal Evaluation & End Semester Examination in a paper,
- If He/she secures 50% or more in the grand total (Continuous Internal Evaluation + End Semester Examination), he/she will be declared as pass.
- If He/she secures 50% or more in the grand total and less than 50% and above 40% in paper/papers he/she will be declared as pass.
- If he/she secures 40% marks in 3 papers (Continuous Internal Evaluation + End Semester Examination) and secures 50% or more marks in remaining papers and secures 50% marks in Grand total will be declared pass.

Carry Forward of Marks: In case of a student who does not fulfil criteria mentioned above and fails in the Continuous Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination in maximum 3 papers, then:

- He/she shall be eligible to appear in the Back Paper of those respective papers:
 - If he/she secures less than 50% marks fail in grand total.
 - If he/she obtain less than 40% marks in a paper.
 - If he/she fail in 3 or less than 3 papers (less than 40% marks) he/she will have entitled to appear for back paper in failed paper.
 - If he/she fail in 3 or less than 3 papers. He/she will be entitled back papers in less marks paper. If he/she secures equal marks in papers and failed in grand total, he/she is allowed to choose back paper in that respective paper/papers.
 - He/she shall be entitled for back paper/improvement paper with odd semester examination and even semester examination.
- If he/she fails in more than 3 Papers, then he/she shall be entitled to appear in the Re-Examination.

Number of Attempt of Back Paper: -

- He/she is entitled the maximum of 2 attempts in back paper/improvement.
- If he/she passed the back paper examination, he/she issued consolidated mark sheet of that semester.
- If he/she failed to clear back paper in 2 attempts he/she will have re-appear in all the paper of that

semester.

- He/she shall have to appear and clear the back paper within 7 years, if he/she does not clear by the end of 3 academic years he/she shall not be permitted in next semester

Duration of Course: -

- Duration of LL.M. Course is One Years.
- Maximum time period to complete this course is 3 years.

Promotion to 2nd Semester: -

- Maximum of 6 back paper (3 back paper for each semester) will be permitted for promotion to next semester.

Award of Grace Marks:

A Student may be awarded Grace Marks up to a maximum of total **5 marks**, in a maximum of **3 papers** including theory papers, and/or aggregate marks in each semester provided he/she can be declared to have passed the semester by the award of these marks. If a student fails in more than 3 papers, he/she will not be promoted in next semester.

Re-examination of Continuous Internal Assessment and End Semester Examination: -

(I). Re-examination for Continuous Internal Evaluation should be completed before the commencement of Next Semester Theory Examination.

Example: A Student who is supposed to reappear for Internal Evaluation in the Semester-I paper will appear for the Re-examination before the commencement of the End Semester Examination of Semester II. Re-examination of Continuous Internal Evaluation will be based on a single examination having the same marks as the original assessment. A Student who is supposed to reappear can be in the form of a paper project/assignment problem/test etc. A Student will do the submission of the assigned work in the predefined period. Records should be maintained properly for all the re-examinations as well as Continuous Assessments.

(II). Re-examination of the End Semester Examination will be conducted as per the schedule planned by the University.

GRADING OF PERFORMANCE-

Letter Grade and Grade Point Allocation: In LL. M. Program based on the combined performance in all Assessments in a particular Semester as per the Curriculum/Syllabus the Student is awarded a letter grade. These letter grades not only indicate a qualitative Assessment of the learner's performance but also carry a quantitative (numeric) equivalent called the Grade Point. The Letter Grades and their Equivalent Grade Point.

Percentage of Marks Obtained	Letter	Grade Point	Performance
85.00 and above	O	10	Outstanding
80.00 – 84.99	A	09	Excellent
75.00 – 79.99	B	08	Very Good
65.00 – 74.99	C	07	Good
60.00 – 64.99	D	06	Fair
55.00 – 59.99	E	05	Average
40 – 54.99	P	04	Pass
Less than 40	F	0	Fail

For a learner who remains absent in any form of evaluation/examination, the letter grade allocated to him/her should be AB and the corresponding grade point is zero. He/she should reappear for the said evaluation/examination in due course. The Papers will be adopted from other programs their grade will

be decided as per the ordinance of the respective program.

Re-admission to the University:

A Student who fails will have to take admission in next academic year as an exempted student. He / She will be allowed for re-admission on payment of prescribed fees provided he/she satisfies one of the following conditions:

- A student is declared failed.
- A student did not appear in the semester examination/failed in above 3 papers or failed in total marks and/or he/she was granted permission not to appear in the examination on his/her own request.
- A student has been detained by the University and has also been permitted to take re-admission.

Declaration of Result:

If a student passes all the examinations and fulfils all the requirements for the award of a degree his/her result will be shown as “**Pass**” mentioning the letter grade obtained by the student.

Rank / Positions will be determined at the end of the even semester. Only those students who fulfil the following conditions will be eligible for ranks/positions:

- They do not have any breaks in their studies;
- They have passed every scheduled subject in the first attempt;
- They have passed every subject on time as per the curriculum;
- They have earned credits as per the schedule given in the curriculum;
- They have not improved grades in any subject after passing the subject.

The students who violate any of the above conditions will not be awarded any rank/position. The ranks/positions will be determined on the basis of the Cumulative Grade Performance Index (CGPI)

Grace Marks:

A Student may be awarded Grace Marks up to a maximum of total **10 marks**, in a maximum of **3 subjects** including theory papers, and/or aggregate marks in each academic year provided he/she can be declared to have passed the academic year by the award of these marks.

Scrutiny:

- Scrutiny shall be allowed in all the papers as per the rules of the University.
- Re-evaluation is not permitted.

AWARD OF DEGREE:

On having successfully completed the program, the student shall be awarded Degree of **LL.M. (One Year Program)**.

CANCELLATION OF ADMISSION:

The Admission of Student at any stage of study shall be cancelled if:

- He / She is not found qualified as per state government norms and guidelines or the eligibility criteria prescribed by the University.
- He / She is found unable to complete the subject within the stipulated time as prescribed above.
- He / She is found involved in creating indiscipline in the University.
- He / She is found involved in any criminal case / has given any false statement.